

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/046,504	10/19/2001	Steven J. Siegel	PENN-0789 3358	
7:	590 10/19/2006		EXAMINER	
Licata & Tyrrell P.C. 66 E. Main Street			FUBARA, BLESSING M	
Marlton, NJ (ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
		•	1618	.
			DATE MAILED: 10/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Office Act	tion Summary Pa	nt of Paper No./Mail Date 200610)12
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		
Attachment(s)		(
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies not receive	ea.	
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		an Ma	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority arraor oo o.c.o. g 170(a	, (4) 3. (.).	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-	· .		d).
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
Application Papers			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4 and 6-10</u> is/are rejected.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	vn from consideration.		
4) Claim(s) <u>1,3,4 and 6-10</u> is/are pending in the a	•		
Disposition of Claims			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	·		S
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 At	<u>ıgust 2006</u> .		
Status			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirg 17 iii apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication (D. (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Period for Reply		•	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Blessing M. Fubara	1618	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	10/046,504	SIEGEL ET AL.	
:	Application No.	Applicant(s)	

Art Unit: 1618

DETAILED ACTION

Examiner acknowledges receipt amendment and remarks filed 2/16/06. Claims 1 and 4 are amended. Claims 2 and 5 are canceled. Claims 1, 3, 4 and 6-10 are pending.

Claim 1 is amended to recite specific biodegradable polyesters.

Response to Arguments

Any previous rejections that are not reiterated herein, have been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 4 and 6-10 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mao et al. (US 6,166,173).

Mao discloses biodegradable medical implant devices that incorporates from about 1% to about 65% active agent (abstract, column 21, lines 8-11; column 22, lines 34-44), the active agent includes antipsychotic drugs (column 20, lines 1 and 2); the biodegradable polymers are polyesters (column 2, lines 27-33; column 12, lines 52, 53, 61, 62; column 13, lines 3, 4, 15). While there is long list of drugs, if the desire is to incorporate antipsychotic drugs, then the antipsychotic drug is clozapine, haloperidol or risperidone (column 20, lines 1 and 2) can be

Art Unit: 1618

used. The biodegradable implant is prepared by melt process (column 22, lines 34-40) or by compression molding at 50 °C (column 24, lines 47-58). Regarding claim 9, the antipsychotic drug may have effect over schizophrenia. Mao discloses that a single entity or combination of entities may be used and thus, regarding claim 10, a combination of antipsychotic drugs may be used with the expectation of producing synergistic effect.

The antipsychotic drug is used in amounts of 1-65% in Mao while haloperidol (antipsychotic drug) is in amount of 20-40% in the claims. The recited amount of the haloperidol in the claims lies within the disclosed range in Mao. Furthermore, Mao discloses that polylactide, polyglycolide and poly(lactide-co-glycolide) are used as biomedical implants. (column 2, lines 27-29). Since claim 1 is directed to a composition/system that consists essentially of biodegradable polymer selected from the group consisting of polylactide and lactide-co-glycolide copolymer and since in claim 2, the polymer can be polylactide when the %amount of the glycolide is "0", it stands to reason that Mao would meet the limitations of the polymer requirement of claims 1 and 2 when polylactide is used as the polymer. The difference, therefore, between Mao and the instant claims is the amount of the haloperidol where the disclosed amount encompasses the claimed amount. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare the biodegradable implant of Mao by compression molding of discs or melt process and incorporate the amount of active agent such as haloperidol or clozapine or risperidone antipsychotic drugs in amounts of from 1-65% that would be effective to produce the desired antipsychotic effect.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 8/03/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that

- a) Mao discloses a string list of potential drugs without providing data to show the stability and/or release and/or undesirable side effects such as tissue necrosis for any of the exemplary antipsychotic drugs. Applicant states that it is not all pharmaceutical agents or antipsychotic agents that were found to be amenable to the delivery system of the instant claimed invention.
- b) That the Y-L-Y sequence in Mao is different from the random polylactide and lactide-co-glycolide copolymers of the instant claims; and that Mao uses biodegradable polymers that contain phosphorus.

Response:

Regarding a), it is noted that when considering antipsychotic drugs, the list is quite limited to clozapine, haloperidol or risperidone and any of them including haloperidol can be incorporated in the implant. Secondly regarding lines 14-27 of page 2 of the specification, it is noted that the specification specifically mentions "thiothixene" as having decreases stability ... when drug concentrations are increased. While applicant refers to this passage, it is further noted that clozapine, haloperidol or risperidone was not mentioned as ones whose stability decreases with increasing concentration. Also, applicant provided no factual evidence that haloperidol of Mao would not be amenable to the invention, rather it is noted that the paragraph

Application/Control Number: 10/046,504

Art Unit: 1618

cited by applicant states that haloperidol has been demonstrated to be suitable in applicant's invention.

Regarding b), it is noted that Mao does suggest the use of polylactide, polyglycolide and poly(lactide-co-glycolide) polymers in implants. The claims do not recite random copolymers.

No claim is allowed.

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Blessing M. Fubara whose telephone number is (571) 272-0594. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (Monday to Thursday).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/046,504

Art Unit: 1618

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Blessing Fubara Patent Examiner

Tech. Center 1600

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 6